

INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: VII Worksheet No: 7		Department: Social Science Topic: Our Changing Earth	Sub: Geography	
			Year: 2023-24	
	Multiple Choice Que	estions: -		
1	Which force originat	es from the interior of the earth?		
	(a) Exogenic forces (b) Endogenic forces (c) Both (a) and (b) (d) None of thes			
2	Name the instrument which is used to measure the intensity of the earthquake.			
	(a) Plane scale (b) Divider (c) Compass (d) Richter scale			
3	Sand deposits over a larger area are called as			
	(a) Loess (b) Mushroom Rocks (c) Stacks (d) Sand Dunes			
I	Fill in the blanks: -			
1	The lithosphere is broken into a number of plates known as the Lithospheric plates.			
5	A volcano is a vent in the earth's crust through which molten material comes out.			
5	The place on the surface above the focus is called the epicenter .			
11	Match the following	;; -		
7	Niagara Falls	(a) Africa		
8	Angel Falls	(b) Asia		
9	Victoria Falls	(c) North America		
	(d) South America			
	Answers: 7 - c ,8 - d ,9 - a			
V	Answer the following in one sentence: -			
10 What is 'Seismograph'?				
	An earthquake is measured with a machine which is called a seismograph.			
11	What are the processes that create different landforms on the surface of the earth?			
	* The process of erosion and deposition create different landforms on the surface of the earth.			
12	What are 'Meanders'?			
	When the river enters the plain it twists and turns forming large bends known as meanders.			
V	Answer the following questions: -			
13	How a delta is formed?			
	✤ As the river approaches the sea, the speed of the flowing water decreases and the river			
	begins to break up into a number of streams called distributaries.			
	The river becomes so slow that it begins to deposit its load.			
	Each distributary forms its own mouth.			
	The collection of sediments from all the mouths forms a delta.			
14	Explain the work of ice.			
	Glaciers are "rivers" of ice which too erode the landscape by bulldozing soil and stones to			
	expose the solid rock below.			
	 Glaciers carve out deep hollows. 			
	As the ice me	✤ As the ice melts they get filled up with water and become beautiful lakes in the mountains.		
	The material carried by the glacier such as rocks big and small, sand and silt gets deposited.			
		carried by the glacier such as rocks big and sm	ian, sana ana sin gets acpositet	
		carried by the glacier such as rocks big and sm its form glacial moraines.		
VI		its form glacial moraines.		

	Seismic waves radiate out in all directions			
	Focus – this is where the earthquake occurs. It is the origin of the seismic energy.			
а	Identify the sudden movement given in the above picture. • Origin of an Earthquake			
b	Which waves radiate out in all directions? Seismic Waves			
с	Where do the seismic energy originate from? Focus			
d	Identify the parts marked as 'A' and 'B' in the above picture. A - Plate boundary and B - Epicenter			
16	Sea Cave			
а	Identify which features are given in the above picture. Features made by sea waves			
b	The hollow like caves formed on the rocks, are called. Sea Caves			
с	When erosion breaks the roof and only the walls of the cave are left, it is called as <u>stacks</u> . (Fill in the blanks)			
d	 Explain the feature 'sea arches'? When cavities of the caves become bigger and bigger and only the roof of the caves remain, such a feature is called as sea arches. 			
VII	Draw and label a neat diagram of the volcano. Gases and ash Vent Vent Lava Crust Magma Mantle			